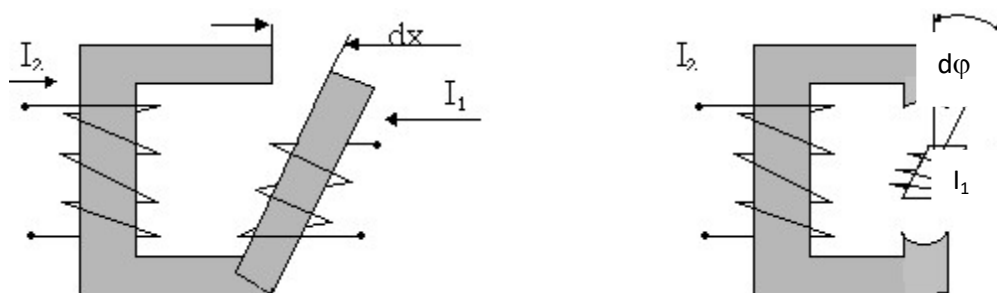


6-Maruza. O'zaro induktivlik o'zgargan holdagi konturlar orasidagi kuchlar va momentlar

5-Maruzadagi xulosalarni L_1 va L_2 induktivliklar va $L_{12}=L_{21}=L$ o'zaro induktivlarga ega bo'lgan 2 ta konturli qurilma uchun qo'llaymiz.

Bunday qurilmaning ko'rinishi 1.3 – rasmda ko'rsatilgan.



1.3- rasm. Ikki konturli qurilma.

Agar konturda I_1 va I_2 toklar oqayotgan bo'lsa, (1.12) tenglamaga asosan magnet maydonida yig'ilgan energiya quyidagicha aniqlanadi:

$$W_{maz} = \frac{1}{2} L_1 I_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} L_2 I_2^2 + L I_1 I_2.$$

1-konturga (1.3,a- rasm) kichik siljish dx berilsa, (1.21) tenglamaga asosan quyidagi kuchga ega bo'lamiz:

$$f_1 = \frac{\partial W_x}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{2} I_1^2 \frac{\partial L_1}{\partial x} + \frac{1}{2} I_2^2 \frac{\partial L_2}{\partial x} + I_1 I_2 \frac{\partial L}{\partial x}. \quad (1.23)$$

Xuddi shuningdek 1.3,b – rasmdagi qurilmaning 1-kontur momenti tenglamasini

$$dx = d\left(\frac{\partial W}{\partial \varphi}\right) = \frac{\partial W}{\partial \varphi} d\varphi$$

ekanligini hisobga olgan holda 2- konturga nisbatdan tok va burchak siljish orqali aniqlash mumkin:

$$m_{1\varphi} = \frac{1}{2} I_1^2 \frac{\partial L_1}{\partial \varphi} + \frac{1}{2} I_2^2 \frac{\partial L_2}{\partial \varphi} + I_1 I_2 \frac{\partial L}{\partial \varphi} \quad (1.24)$$

Ko'p hollarda induktivlik siljishga bog'liq bo'lmaydi, shu sababli yuqoridagi tenglamalar quyidagi ko'rinishni egallaydi

$$\begin{cases} f_{1x} = I_1 I_2 \frac{\partial L}{\partial x} \\ m_{1\varphi} = I_1 I_2 \frac{\partial L}{\partial \varphi} \end{cases} \quad (1.25)$$

Oqim ilashimligining tokka bog'lanishi

$$\begin{cases} \psi_1 = L_1 I_1 + L I_2 \\ \psi_2 = L_2 I_2 + L I_1 \end{cases} \quad (1.26)$$

ni hisobga olgan holda (1.25) tenglamani boshqaga yozish mumkin

$$\begin{cases} f_{1x} = I_1 \frac{\partial \psi_1}{\partial x} \\ m_{1\varphi} = I_1 \frac{\partial \psi_1}{\partial \varphi} \end{cases} \quad (1.27)$$

(1.27) tenglama shu narsani ko'rsatadiki, induktivligi o'zgarmas bo'lgan konturda kuch yoki moment, oqim ilashimligi o'zgarishi kontur-larning toki yoki guruh konturlari toki ta'sirida sodir bo'lishga qaramasdan hosil bo'ladi.